Are ready for your inspection. . .

Cheviots, Cassimeres and Worsteds. . Military cut and made to WEAR...

F.W. Humphrey

VERY arket St. 110 N. Broadway CUT RATES EVERYWHERE.

PLOT TO KILL M'KINLEY.

Assassins Are Expected in Canton To-Day.

REPUBLIC SPECIAL. Canton, O., Oct. 2.—Information was made public to-night indicating that another plot had been discovered to assassinate Presi-

dent McKinley.

Everybody connected with the safeguarding of the President says he fears that there are men here or on their way here to kill him. By devious ways Secretary Cortelyou managed to keep the President from taking his usual drive to-day because it was feared that the assassin might be waiting on one

of the country reads.

There is a strong guard about the home of the President to-night. Every train entering the city is being watched, and extra police-men have been detailed to enforce an order issued to-day by Mayor Robertson, ex-officio Chief of Police, and reading as fol-

"Keep a close watch on all strangers who are seen in the city. He particular to watch for two Italians, who will probably be accompanied by a tall man, who dresses like and passes for an old soldier. "If these three or any of them are found, arrest them on sight, and hold them on a charge of suspiction. Watch all incoming and outgoing trains."

President McKinley, as yet, knows nothing of the plot to assassinate him which his guardians say exists. Nothing has been published of it here, and every effort is to be made to keep knowledge of it from him until the men suspected have been

placed under arrest.

Notification that there was a plot on foot to kill the President here in Canton to-day or to-morrow came from the Chicago

KATE CARMACK SEEKS DIVORCE.

Wife of Klondike Millionaire Wants Half of His Property. Hollister, Cal., Oct. 2.-Kate Carmack,

e of George Carmack, the Klondike mil lionaire, filed a suit in the Superior Court here to-day for divorce, alleging desertion and infidelity. and infidelity.

She wants half of the property, which consists of valuable Klondike mines, real estate in Seattle and this county and large sums deposited in Hollister, San Francisco and Seattle banks. The entire property is appraised at a million and a half. Carmack proposes to contest the suit, and a sensational trial is anticipated.

SHOT HIS BROTHER-IN-LAW.

Oscar Albrecht Seriously Wounded August Aegerter.

Oscar Albrecht, 40 years old, last night shot and dangerously wounded his brother shot and dangerously wounded his brotherin-law, August Aegerter, a Deputy Constable, at their home, No. 548 St. Anthony
street. The bullet entered Aegerter's body
just below the left nipple and came out
beneath the left shoulder blade. The wound
is considered serious by Doctor Charles
Blank of No. 122 South Broadway.

The shooting was the result of a quarret
which arose between the wives of the two
men. Albrecht was arrested and in explaining the shooting pleaded self-defense.

MORE BOXES OF GOLD, And Many Greenbacks.

To secure additional information directly from the people, it is proposed to send little boxes of gold and greenbacks to persons who write the most interesting, detailed, and truthful descriptions of their ex-

perience on the following topics:

1. How have you been affected by coffee drinking and by changing from coffee to 2. Do you know any one who has been triven away from Postum because it came to the table weak and characteriess at the first trial? Did you set such a person right regard-

3. Did you set such a person right regarding the easy way to make Postum clear, black, and with a crisp, rich taste?

4. Have you ever found a better way to make it than to use four heaping teaspoonsful to the pint of water, let stand on stove until real boiling begins, then note the clock and allow it to continue easy boiling full fifteen minutes from that time, stirring down occasionally? (A piece of butter about the size of a navy bean, placed in the pot will prevent boiling over.)

5. Give names and account of those you know to have been cured or helped in health by the dismissal of coffee and the daily use of Postum Food Coffee in its place.

6. Write names and addresses of twenty friends whom you believe would be benefited by leaving off coffee. (Your name will not be divulged to them.)

Address your letter to the Postum Cereal

Address your letter to the Postum Cereal Co. Ltd., Battle Creek, Mich., writing your own name and address clearly. Co. Ltd., Battle Creek, Mich., writing your own name and address clearly. Be honest and truthful. Don't write poetry or fanciful letters, just plain, truthful state-

ments.

Decision will be made between October 30 and November 16, 1900, by three judges, not members of the Postum Cereal Co., and a neat little box containing a \$19 gold piece sent to each of the five best writers, a box containing a \$5 gold piece to each of the twenty next best writers, a \$2 green-back to each of the 100 next best, and a \$1 gree to each of the 200 next best writers, cash prizes distributed to 225 per

/ very one interested in pure food
at ax is willing to have their name
at etter appear in the papers, for such
1 as it may offer to the human race.
However, a request to omit name will be
respected.

respected.

Every friend of Postum is urged to write and each letter will be held in high esteem by the company, as an evidence of such friendship, while the little boxes of gold and envelopes of money will reach many modest writers whose plain and sensible letters contain the facts desired, although the sender may have but small faith in winning at the time of writing.

Talk this subject over with your friends and see how many among you can win prizes, It is a good, honest competition and in the best kind of a cause. Cut this statement out, for it will not appear again.

MR. DOCKERY TALKED TO ODIN PATRIOTS.

of the Distinguished Missourian.

REPLIED TO MR. RODENBERG. THOUSANDS WILL ATTEND. NEW CONDITIONS DISCUSSED.

Gave the Record of the Democratic Party on Trust Legislation That Has Been Proposed in Congress.

Odin, Ill., Oct. 2. Fully 5,000 persons at-tended the great Democratic meeting in this city this afternoon, when A. M. Dock-cry, Democratic candidate for Governor of ery, Democratic candidate for Governor of Missouri, delivered an address at Sugg's

Early morning trains brought crowds from Salem, Centralia, Kinmundy, Sando-val, Patoka and other neighboring towns and by 19 o'clock, the streets were crowded. The various country settlements also contributed delegations, which came in on horses and in wagons.

Mr. Dockery was met at the B. & O. 3.-W. depot by a committee of thirty-five prominent citizens and a number of brass bands. He was then escotted to the new Virginia Hotel, At noon he dined with N. B. Morrison at 10 o'clock. A parade was formed, it consisted of marching clubs, in wagons and men on horses. Mr. Dockery viewed the parade from the front porch of Colonel Morrison's

When the principal streets were covered the procession marched to the park, where ir. Dockery delivered his address. He spoke one hour and forty-five minutes, dealing chiefly with the national issues. The speech was received with enthusiasm. Mr. lockery refuted a charge recently made by longressman Rodenberg in a speech here. that the Democrats in Congress during Bland's time voted against an anti-trust bill, but he said, on the other hand, they On the final vote on the bill that was

referred to by Mr. Rodenberg, was a vote to postpone the consideration of the trust bill for the purpose of taking up the silver bill, then in charge of Dick Bland. To-night a large torchlight procession marched through the principal streets and then out to the park, where M. A. Neff of Cincinnati addressed a large crowd.

ANTI-CLARK CONVENTION.

ndependent Democrats of Montan Put Out a State Ticket.

Put Out a State Ticket.

Butte, Mont., Oct. 2.—Nineteen of the twenty-four counties of Montana were represented in the independent Democratic State Convention which was held here today. The convention was the outgrowth of the bolt at Helena during the Democratic Convention, in which the Clark people secured control.

Governor Robert B. Smith was both temporary and permanent chairman. His

Governor Robert B. Smith was both temporary and permanent chairman. His speech attacked Senator Clark. The platform affirms the principles and policies promulgated at Kansas City and piedges support to Bryan and Stevenson.

Upon local issues the State administration is indorsed, except the Lieutemant Governor, who is denounced for appointing a United States Senator during the Governor's absence from the State.

Congressman Campbell was also indorsed for the part he took in the fight against the seating of Senator Clark. When nominations were reached, the Presidential Electors named by the Democratic Convention were indorsed.

lained by the Democratic Convention were indersed.

Thomas Hogan, Populist Secretary of State, was unanimously nominated for Governor. Hogan was a candidate for the fusion Democratic-Populist-Labor nomination in the Helena convention. C. F. Kelly was nominated for Congress. To-night the ticket was completed as follows:

Lieutemant Governor, Joseph E. Merriam; Secretary of State, George M. Hayes; Associate Justice, Robert Lee Word; Treasurer, Alexander Livingston; Auditor, E. G. McLain; Attorney General, W. R. C. Stewart, Superintendent of Public Instruction. P. A. Leamy.

MADE EIGHTEEN SPEECHES.

Bryan Addressed Many Thousands or Issues of Campaign.

Lacrosse, Wis., Oct. 2.—When Mr. Bryan concluded his last speech here to-night he had made eighteen addresses and had covered about fifteen hours of time during the day. Beginning at 8 o'clock in the morning, he talked at intervals until 11 o'clock to-nisht, putting in, all told, fully six solid hours of speechmaking.

The first speech was made at Shakopee, and after that he spoke in succession at the following places: Jordan, Belle Plaine, Henderson, Lesueur, St. Peter, Mankato, Janesville, Waseca, Owatoma, Dodge Center, Kasson, Rochester, St. Charles and Winons. He concluded with three speeches here to-night

ter, Kasson, Rochester, St. Charles and Winona. He concluded with three speeches here to-night.

Most of the talks were comparatively brief, not running over ten minutes, but at St. Peter, Mankato, Rochester, Winona and at this point he spoke at greater length, Almost all the meetings along the line were held in the immediate vicinity of the raliroad stopping-places, thus saving much of Mr. Bryan's time and giving the people more time to listen to his remarks.

The region traversed to-day is a rich agricultural country, and Mr. Bryan's remarks were addressed especially to farmers, the trust question receiving even a greater share of attention than usual. The audiences were large. There were especially good crowds at Mankato, Owatonna, Rochester, Winona, and at this place there were three large audiences.

He was met at the depot here by a large concourse of people, but by no organization. He did not arrive until almost \$20 o'clock, and was driven rapidly to the rink, where he made his first speech here. He then spoke at Germania Hall and the opera-house. All three of these buildings were illed.

LIMA IS AGAIN QUIET.

Three Hundred Persons Injured in Sunday's Riots.

SPECIAL BY CARLE. Lima, Peru, via Laredo, Tex., Oct. 2.— (Copyright, 1999, by the New York Herald Company.)—The rioting on Sunday has caused general indignation. The cruelty of the soldiers is condemned. Several cases of extreme cruelty are mentioned in the Comercio to-night. Even blind men, who by chance were in the streets, were beaten by the soldiers.

All commercial establishments were closed All commercial establishments were closed to-day. It is estimated that 300 persons were injured during the rioting on Sunday. Public opinion is unanimous in demanding the dismissal from office of a subprefect who is held to be alone responsible for the rlota. It is believed that measures will be taken by Congress to bring about the resig-nation of the Cabinet and the removal of the subprefect.

TIN PLATE CONFERENCE.

Full Settlement Not Reached, Yet Is Said to Be in Sight.

New York, Oct. 2.-The conference be tween the officers of the American Tin Plate Company and the delegates representing the Tin Workers' Association of America, was continued to-day. The wage question was settled, though on what basis cas not officially announced, but it was reported that the employes had been granted an advance of 10 per cent. After the conference, President Powell of e employes' association said lough a full settlement had not reached, he was simost assured that a satisfactory termination of the conference would result to-morrow. Vice President Arms of the company held the same

QUEBEC'S NEW BRIDGE.

Structure Across St. Lawrence River Will Cost \$5,000,000. Quebec, Oct. 2.—In the presence of Sir Wilfred Laurier and a large number of invited guests, the corner stone was laid to-day of the new Quebec bridge over the St. Lawrence. This bridge will have one span that will be the biggest in the world. It will cost \$5,000,000, and is to be finished in 1904.

GREAT GATHERING AT INDIANAPOLIS.

tion of Democratic Clubs Begins To Day.

Adlai Stevenson and President Hearst Already Arrived-Bryan to Be Present To Morrow

List of Speakers-Parade.

Indianapolis, Ind., Oct. 2-A number of delegates to the convention of the National Association of Democratic Clubs have arrived. P. E. Dowe of New York, a leader of the American Anti-Trust League, Com-mitteeman James Slayden of San Antonio, Tex., and Nicholas M. Bell of St. Louis are among those here. To-night the ma-jority of delegates from other States are

Illinois probably will have the second largest delegation here, as a great effort has been under to interest the Democrats has been made to interest the Democrats of that State in the convention.

A number of the arrivals here to-day hold praxies for several clubs, and it is likely that, while a large number of clubs will be represented, many will be repre-

sented by proxy. Adlai Stevenson arrived this evening and Mr. Bryan will be here Thursday. Indianapolls, Oct. 2.—From 200 to 1,000 visitors have arrived for the National Convention of Democratic Clubs, which will open to-morrow afternoon at 2 o'clock in Torollymor Land.

The New York and New England crowd arrived to-night in a special car, attached to the regular train. Minnesota to-day sent

and Nebraska.

The Indiana crowd, which is expected to form a large part of the attendance, has not began to arrive in numbers as yet. The fact that Mr. Bryan is to make two trips through Indiana, taking in both the northern and southern parts immediately after the close of the convention, visiting and making speeches in twenty-seven cities and towns of the State, will tend to prevent as large an attendance from this State as would be drawn by his presence otherwise, say the managers of the con-

Programme of the Convention. To-night, at a meeting of the convention managers, the programme of the conven-

tion was arranged.

The principal speakers Wednesday afternoon will be W. R. Hearst, president of the association; National Chairman James K. Jores, Mayor Jones of Toledo, ex-Congressman James Hamilton Lewis of Washington and Benton McMillin, Governor of Tannessee. tion was arranged.

On Wednesday evening there will be a parade of Democratic clubs, after which J. R. Sovereign, ex-grand master of the R. Sovereign, ex-grand master of the Knights of Labor; Captain Patrick Offer-rall of Washington, D. C., and Sigmund Zeisler of Chicago will speak at Tomlinson Hall.

Hall.
On Thursday morning the speakers will be Lewis G. Stevenson of Illinets, Augustus Thomas of New York, M. L. Lockwood of Pennsylvania, president of the National Anti-Trust League; P. W. Dowe of New York, representing the commercial travelers; G. B. McClellan of New York, and J. Charles of Traves. Slaydon of Texas.

Bryan and Stevenson Thursday.

The speakers on Thursday afternoon will be William Jennings Bryan and Adiai E. Stevenson, the party standard-bearers. The closing address on Thursday evening will be delivered by Bourke Cockran of New York. York. Mr. Cockran will reach here to-morrow morning. Mr. Stevenson and party will come in from Bloomington in the aft-ernoon; the Duckworth Club will be here from Cincinnati, 300 strong, at 5 o'clock to-morrow afternoon, and the Chicago delegation, headed by the Cook County Marching Club, is also expected to-morrow after-

Indianapolis Is Ready. Senator Jones, chairman of the Democrat-ic National Committee; W. R. Hearst, president of the National Association of Democratic Clubs, and Willis J. Abbott manager of the Press Bureau of the Demo-cratic National Committee, will come from Chicago on the special train bringing the

Cook County Marching Club. Tomlinson Hall is ready for the conven-tion, Sergeant-at-Arms Myron D. King and his force of assistants completed the work of seating and decorating the hall to-night. It is thought that 1,000 persons can be seated on the stage and the new platform in front of it. The decorations at the hall

EAST IS WELL REPRESENTED. New York, Oct. 2.—Several hundred dele-gates left New York, Jersey City and other near-by towns last night for Indianapolis to attend the convention of the National Arsociation of Democratic Clubs, Many more left to-day. Reports from up State and Connecticut show that nearly all of the clubs have sent delegates, and that the East will do its part in helping to create a emonstration at the Hoosier capital. Among the prominent men who went a

delegates-at-large or as representatives of original bodies were Henry George, Congressman George B. McClellan, Norman E. Mack, George Rains, Colonel William Astor Chanler, Congressman William Sulzer and W. Bourke Cockran, who is to be one of the

speakers to address the convention.

MEXICO'S DELEGATION.

REFUBLIC SPECIAL.

Mexico, Mo., Oct. 2.—At a meeting of the Mexico Bryan Free Silver Club Monday night the following delegates were selected so attend the Indianapolis meeting of the National Association of Democratic Clubs this week; S. B. Cook, J. D. Orear, O. K. Brown, C. F. Clark, R. M. White, C. M. Baskett, L. W. Craddock, J. C. Bassford, J. T. Baker and Captain C. T. Allen.

Louisiana Buffalo Club.

REPURIJE SPECIAL

Louisiana, Mo., Oct. 2.—R. H. Williams, president of the Buffalo Democratic Club, this morning announced the selection of nine delegates to the meeting of Democratic club, at Indianachis as follows: cratic clubs at Indianapolis, as follows: John Jump, W. P. Stark, D. A. Ball, E. E. Campbell, L. T. Patterson, Harry Knight, T. L. Anderson, Ed Glenn and E. J. Dayis.

NEGROES REVOLT AGAINST HANNA. Doctor Sharp Tells of Condition in Many Eastern States.

Doctor J. S. C. Sharp, editor of the Springfield (Mo.) Industrial Times, a paper published in the interest of the Democratic negro voters of Missouri, passed through St. Louis last night on his way to Kansas City. He has made an extended trip throughout the East in the interests of the party.

throughout the East in the interests of the party.

"I have visited the States of Illinois, Indiana, West Virginia, Maryland, Pennsylvania, Delaware, New York, New Jersey, Michigan and Kansas," said Doctor Sharp last night, "and all these States, in which it is claimed by the Republicans that the negroes are solid for McKinley, I found much sentiment against the Republican party among the negro voters, in Cleveland, Mgrk Hanna's home, they are in open revoit. The fight is led by Editor H. C. Smith, who, four years ago, was a delegate to the St. Louis convention, but who is now opposing the administration. Three of the largest negro churches in the city of Cleveland are also opposing the ticket."

Mr. Dockers Going to Illinois.

Ar. Dockery Going to Illinois.

A. M. Dockery arrived in the city last night and spent several hours in consultation with Mr. Selbert at the Laclede Hotel. Mr. Dockery will speak at Jerseyville, Ill., this afternoon, as a favor in reciprocation of Mr. Alschuler's addresses in St. Louis a few days ago. He will return to St. Louis a few days ago. He will return to St. Louis a few days ago. He will return to St. Louis a few days ago. He will return to St. Louis a few days ago. He will return to St. Louis a few days ago. He will return to St. Louis a few days ago. He sell return to St. Louis a few days ago. Mr. Dockery Going to Illinois.

A Reliable Headache Cure. Parker's Headache Powders have stood he test; they never fail. Price, 10 cents.

AMERICAN BANKERS MEET AT RICHMOND.

Reception and Parade in Honor Convention of National Associa- President Walker Hill of St. Louis Delivers an Address on Finance.

Business Men of the Country Must Be on the Alert to Secure and Hold Advantages Offered by Trend of Recent Events.

COMBINED ASSETS OF AMERICAN BANKERS.

bers. The capital, surplus and undivided profits of these 4300 members aggregate \$1,425,481,496; combined . deposits, \$3,188,377.7.8; total, \$6,589,859,- • 194. This is \$819,229,675 more than the • deposits of 42 members, who are .

to the regular train. Minnesota to-day sent in a delegation of five and Omaha sent four. The States represented by the arrivals so far are New York, Maine, Massachusetts, Connecticut, Vermont, New Hampshire, Tennessee, Florika, New Jersey, Kentucky, Missouri, Ohio, Illinois, Texas, Virginia, West Virgina, Minnesota, Alabama (New York, Ellis Koberts, Treasurer of Enda, West Virgina, Minnesota, Alabama (New York, Ellis Koberts, Treasurer of the United States) for Type II and M. Taylor, Colonel John B. Purcell and

> Mayor Taylor delivered a short address of welcome on behalf of the city. President Walker Hill of the association responded on behalf of the association, Mr. Hill said in part:

> "Our flag has been carried into distant parts of the world; how long it will fly in those parts, and just what it will there those parts, and just what it will there represent, no one can now say, but this may be safely said. We have broken our counterful shell and the trade of our country will tover again be pushed back within the confines of the United States. This new condition the bankers of the country must meet, for they are the custodians of the money of the country, and if they do not use intelligently and to the lost advantage its medium of excharge, others, forchars, will reap rewards that should be ours, for rest assured that we will not be permitted to long do awkwardly, slowly and expensively what can be better done by others.

will not be permitted to long do awkwardly, slowly and expensively what can be better dune by others.

"Excellence of service will be demanded of us, and therefore we must educate ourselves in the commerce of the world. We must acquaint ourselves with the character of the people and the countries to which our trade reaches. We must know what these people produce and what they consume, and the routes by which they can be reached most quickly and most cheapis, and we must inform ourselves of the chief features of their commercial laws.

"But we need more than this knowledge of these peoples, their countries, commerce and laws if we are jo dominate their trade and be their bankers. To do these things we need a currency of stable value. No one will buy drafts upon us, or deposit their maney with us, if these drafts and their credits, represent doubtful and changing values, while a competitor nation offers a currency which does not shrink and is measured at all times by an unchanging standard. It is no answer to say that payment in gold, if that is the standard lesired, can be secured by private contract. The very fact that it requires a special contract to secure it is a declara-

changing standard. It is no answer to say that payment in gold, if that is the standard desired, can be secured by private contract. The very fact that it requires a special contract to secure it is a declaration that the general law does not afford the protection desired.

"But, furthermore, it is not, as a prace theal proposition, possible to entirely safe guard one's self against the uncertainties of variable currency through private contracts. The exils at home of such currency are had enough, but in foreign commerce they are possibly worse, and will prevent any people who are dependent on such money from bankin; for those who can avoid them. Free choice will rarely bring them customers, though necessity may furnish them victims.

"I think that all the members of this association will agree with me that a variable standard of value is to be deplored and avoided. Furthermore, few dispute the proposition that gold is the most anvarying money standard, though some contend that it is not the only or less tandard, to be had. Mr. Bryan says he first desires to preserve 'greenbacks' from legislative destruction, and that he will then consider whether they should ever be paid, and if so, how. I would firmly establish gold as the only standard. I am always in favor of improvement, but I do not believe that its the best standard. I am always in favor of improvement, but I do not believe that the set of Congress appreved March 14. 1888. It authorizes an increase in the national bank circulation, and leaves undisturbed our ten different kines of money, and it should, therefore, not offend, though it may not satisfy, the monetary expansion.

"This action leaves the standard silver dollar a legal tender to any amount in a consolidation scheme which was

This action leaves the standard silver "This action leaves the standard silver dollar a legal tender to any amount in payment of all debrs, public and private, except where otherwise expressly stipulated by contract. It provides that nothing in it shall be construed to affect the legal tender qualities, so now provided by law, of the silver dollar, or of any other money coined or issued by the United States.' Therefore, all private contracts merely providing for the payment of "dollars" can still be discharged by the payment of silver dollars. Sherman certificates and

Therefore, all private contracts merely providing for the payment of "dollars," can still be discharged by the payment of silver dollars, Sherman certificates and greenbacks; that is, it has not affected the standard of private contracts.

"It has, however, practiced that something over \$25,00,000 out of about \$1,25,00,000 out of about \$1,25,00,000 of Government hands, bearing 3, 4 and 5 per cent interest, and payable in 'coin' may be refunded into 2 per cent gold bonds. That is, to be assured of gold in payment of the interest and principal of these bonds, they must be readjusted, as it were, into 2 per cent obligations on a 16 to 1 or 50 per cent basis, as you may say, so far as interest is concerned. In other words, the act declares that 'coin' in the bonds referred to shall mean 'gold,' if the holder will necept in exchange for his present 3, 4 and 5 per cent bonds, officers bearing, on the average, less than half the interest he is now receiving, and if ne will not accept such readjusted bonds he may still be paid, both as to principal and interest, in silver.

"There still remains unfunded into these 2 per cent gold' honds. Having provided for the possible issue of \$25,00,000 of the \$250,000 that may be exchanged for 2 per cent gold' honds. Having provided for the possible issue of \$250,00,000 of gold bonds, common prudence demanded that our gold reserve should be strengthened, and this the act has done, but it fails far short of establishing the gold standard in this country, and does not secure it against the policy of a President or Scretary of the Treasury hostile to gold. The passage of this act means, in my hulcment, one thing which we should realize if we would understand the sentiment of this country on the

this act means, in my judgment, one thing which we should realize if we would understand the sentiment of this country on the question of currency legislation, and that is, that there is no hope in the near future, if at all, in the lifetime of this generation of any elaborate currency enactment along the lines of the 'Baltimore Pian' or any other which contemplates the issue of money by the hanks. Hefore we can hope for any legislation of that kind the people at large, the masses, must be made to understand the necessity of it, and the justice and wisdom of its specific provisions. And I care not how the value of this bank money may be secured, nor how fair may be the compensation paid by the banks for the privilege, it will be difficult work, and take a long time to persuade the people that the bankers are not getting an undue advantage and profit through their right to issue money.

"The unreasonable hostility with which

vantage and profit through their right to issue money.

"The unreasonable hostility with which so many people still view the right of national banks in this respect should convince the most sanguine of how almost hopeless will be the task of reconciling the people to anything worth attempting of the kind under consideration. And is anything along these lines worth attempting? Everything of the kind which has been suggested involves a greater or less abandonment of the most essential features of

true, or, redemption, money, namely: Intrinsic and fixed value. And the closer we keep to true money and the fewer substitutes we have, the better.

"The industry, capacity, commerce and wealth of the people are all proper elements of their civilit, but credit, whi in means, after all, hope, relief, expectancy, should be eliminated as far as possible from money. For a thousand years before, e.ns were invented money passed by welcht alone, and during that period the only collidere needed with respect to it was as to the purity of the metad, which was weighted out before him to whom it was paid. Therefore, nothing but necessity should heince the adoption or emission of representative money. Its very name shows that it is a substitute for something which is conceded to be better than the substitute.

he conceded to be better than the rate.

"That there may at times, and in places, be need for more money than is to be and then to be had, does not, by any means, show a need which justifies the leavest repeatable more. The hearding of namey because of a widespread belief in its sareity, or in a time of ponle, will often reduce the amount in active circulation below the temporary needs of the community.

low the temporary needs of the comnounity.

"Mr. Trenholm, in his work. The People's Maney, says that even through goveramental efforts no community ever retains for any length of time a greater velume of circulation than will suffice for its
ordinary needs, and that no amount of
money emitted by the Government an avert
periods of grardity. In his judgment, the
greatest safeguard against rearcity in a
circulating medium lies in extending the
area and population subject to the monetary
system. He says: Periods of stringency are
less likely to occur in propertion as the
area and population under one monetary
system become enlarged, and hence it may
be inferred that if the whole world were
moder a uniform system such occurrences
would be reduced to a minimum, if they
were not received impossible."

"This brings me to a succession I would
make in this connection, We may not be
able to bring all the world to adopt our
system of money, but may we not induce
most of the people of this hemisphere to
adopt 17 Havit has aiready made our gold
dollar its standard of value, and its action
may be the entering wedge whereby the
gold dollar of the United States will become in express terms the standard of every country in the three Americas, All of

gold dollar of the United States will become in express terms the standard of every country in the three Americas, All of them, except some of the English possessions, the the desimal system, and our money nomenclature is practically that of the Western Hemisphere, or is, at least, familiar to most of its people.

"Let this association take up us an important part of its work the task of procuring the adoption of the gold dollar of the United States as the standard of value throughout all the Americas.

"The mention of a future work of this association naturally brings to mind the work is has done since our just meeting. What has been accomplished will appear from the reports of the several committees and of our secretary and our treasurer. I will not

has been accomplished will appear from the reports of the several committees and of our secretary and our treasurer. I will not attempt to anticipate what these reports will disclose, but I cannot refrain from saying that too much credit for the flour-ishing condition of the association cannot be given to its secretary. Colonel James R. Branch. He is honest, painstaking, intelli-gent, and has an eye always for the good of the association."

IN THE CITY.

R. E. CARR'S ESTATE—An inventory of the estate of Robert E. Carr, filed in pro-

HESSE WILL FILED Herman T. Hesse, by his will filled for probate yesterday, left \$1 cach to his children and the rest of his estate to his wife, Charlotte Wilhelmine

MR FLAD'S APPOINTEES-Water Com-missioner Flad yesterday made the follow-ing appointments in the street service divi-sion: Harry C. Cadieux, John Maione, Hurry Sandweg, John C. Cox and Martin Cady.

F. LUEHRMANN'S WILL-Charles F. Leehrmann, by his will filed for probate yesterday, left \$5 each to his children, \$590 in trust to Carl Brueggemann, a grandson, and provided for the latter's education, and left the rest of his estate to his widow, Mary C. Luehrmann.

HER EYE KNOCKED OUT-In a fight at

EYE CUT OUT—Hattle Thomas, a negress, had her left eye destroyed by a knife in the hands of Pauline Farker, another negroes, in a fight at Fifteenth street and Lucas avenue last night. The Thomas woman, who lives at No. 1610 Gay street, is at the City Hospital. Her assallant is under arrest.

INCORPORATED—Articles of incorpora-tion were filed yesterday with the Recorder of Deeds by the St. Louis Theater Com-pany. The capital stock of \$5,000 is divided into sixty shares of \$100 each. John Havlin owns one share, Harry Jones one, William Garen twenty-eight, George Middleton one, Frank R. Tate one and Joseph Morrison twenty-eight.

NUMBER OF LIGHTS INCREASED— The Board of Public Improvements yester-day decided to increase the number of mantle lamps to be provided and lighted by the Weishach Lighting Company to 11,-80. The board also voted in favor of the reconstruction of eight alleys located in different parts of the city, over the remon-strance of property owners.

SUES FOR SETTLEMENT-Robert H. Cornell filed sult yesterday against Sylvester P. Keyes and Frank P. Hays for \$1,400, which, he claims, is due him for the assignment of options of certain livery firms in a consolidation scheme which was being projected some time ago. The plaintiff alleges that he was to receive \$1,500 and that \$100 was paid him.

MUSIC FESTIVAL REHEARSALS-The out of service thirty-fix years ago, search thirty are now living.

FEDERAL JURORS—The following persons have been summoned by the United States Marshal to serve as petit jurors in the United States District Court beginning to-day. William Dress, Union: J. C. Ghio, St. Louis; D. E. Garrison, St. Louis; W. H. Barnes. Sikesten; S. W. Burchard. St. Louis; Thomas M. Johnson, Montgomery City; A. C. Garrison, St. Louis; J. D. Garrison, St. Louis; J. D. Garrison, St. Louis; J. D. Garrison, St. Louis; R. Frauenthal, St. Louis; E. M. Logan, Belleview; George D. Markham, St. Louis; Renry Michel, Wentzwille; George Kuhiman, St. Charles; Hudson E. Bridge St. Louis; Fred Deihel, St. Louis; T. J. Clack, Charleston; August Goebel, Union; L. R. Blackmer, Webster; J. N. Gettys, St. Louis; Halsey C. Ives, St. Louis; W. D. Bass, Steelville; Gustave E. Schoen, Pocahontas; T. J. Highley, Farmington; E. MeCallister, Washington; H. J. Gilmore, St. Louis; Henry F. Meyer Orchard Farm; Ames L. Colman, De Soto; John Grether, St. Louis; Jehn H. Siegrist, Jr., St. Louis; S. M. Kennard, St. Louis; B. H. Newman, Cube; F. W. Helm, New Hoven; J. Christopher, St. Louis; William A. Stickney, St. Louis.

the pardon was granted by Governor Stephens yesterday to Glenn L. Jones of St. Louis. Jones was sentenced to two years' imprironment by the St. Louis Circuit Court for manslaughter in the fourth degree. He was discharged under the three-fourths rule August 14, 1300, and at the request of a number of prominent St. Louis men his rights of citizenship were restored.

WARRANT FOR EX-CONDUCTOR - A WARRANT FOR EX-CONDUCTOR — A warrant was issued yesterday against Thomas M. Holt, formerly a conductor for the St. Louis Transit Company, charging him with embezzlement. Holt went out with the strikers. When the Union Line bus started Holt was placed in charge of a horse and wagon. Now it is alleged he sold the horse and wagon, appropriated the money to his own use and skipped out. President Patterson of the Amalgamated Street Railway Men's Union swore to the warrant.

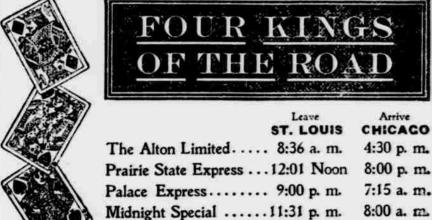
FIGHT AFTER THE PARADE—While watching the parade at the corner of Twenty-first and Locust streets Ben Kulp, Is years old, of No. 96 North Twenty-second street, was cut on the arm by a negro boy. Several white and negro boys had engaged in a general fight immediately after the parade had passed, and stones were freely used. In connection with the cutting of Kulp a negro boy named Eugene Jackson was arrested. He declared his innocence and said he lived at Auburn, Mo.

WE are prepared to gratify your slightest fancy. Our display of stylish fashions, suit the most fastidious -we invite inspection.

OVERCOATS, To Order \$15 TO \$50 OVERCOATS. TROUSERS.

Fit, Trimming and Workmanship Guaranteed.

Arnheim The Tailor. Northwest Corner Broadway and Pine St.



"THE ONLY WAY"

TICKET OFFICE,

NEGRO TO BE EXTRADITED-Consta

NEGRO TO BE ENTRADITED—Constable S. C. Spears of Springfield, Mo., arrived in St. Louis yesterday to take charge of Frank Williams, a negro who was arrested here on September 29 on suspicion of being implicated in the burglary of the McGregor-Noe Hardware Company of Springfield. Twenty-seven revolvers were stolen on September 16. Williams was arrested with one of the revolvers in his possession. Eleven of the revolvers have been recovered in pawnshops here. Wilson has been identified as the men who pawned most of them. The police are searching for a negro who is said to have been implicated with Williams. A warrant charging burglary and larceny has been issued against Williams.

MISSOURI VOLUNTEER'S REUNION-

IN THE COUNTY.

-Marriage licenses were issued at Clayton yesterlay to William C. Clarke of Indianapolis and Rose Minto of Pana, and to William M. Cherry of New Madrid and Ada B. Madison of Gumbo, The first couple were married by Judge Henry L. Wilson and the second by Justice of the Peace J. Will Barron. It was Squire Barron's first attempt in the matrimonial line, and he blushed more than the bride while he was performing the ceremony. After the cere-

performing the ceremony. After the ceremony he said he would dispense with the Squire's prerogative of kissing the bride.

-The Clayton authorities have not yet succeeded in arresting W. M. Corey, the motorman in charge of the Midland gravel

HAD STOLEN BICYCLES .

BURGLAR MAKES A HAUL-Burglars yesterday entered the residence of Edward P. Hisch at No. 280 Wyoming street in the absence of the family, forced open a trunk and made away with \$110 in cash and \$100 in jewelry. The burglary was committed in the afternoon.

INQUEST ON POLICEMAN — Coroner Lloyd held an inquest yesterday on the body of Policeman Thomas J. Bolin of the Fourth District, who shot himself in the head Sunday afternoon while lying on his bed. A

the corner of Fifteenth street and Lucas avenue last night the left eye of Hattle Thomas, a necress, of No. 189 Gay street, was knocked out by a club in the hands of a regress known as Pollie Parker, who es-

HAD STOLEN BICYCLES — Chrence Washington, a negro 15 years old, of No. 915 North Cardinal avenue, and Henry Scherneck, a rug manufacturer, at No. 333 Franklin avenue, his employer, were arrested Momday evening by the police on suspiction of having stolen two bicycles, which were found in Schorneck a establishment. Schorneck said that he bought both the wheels from Washington, knowing that they were stolen. Washington then admitted stealing them, implicating Thomas Morris, 15 years old, who was later arrested at his home. For the first wheel Washington said he received \$6 from Schorneck and for the second \$1. Washington admitted to Captain Gaifney that he had stolen several other wheels. All three of them are held for further investigation.

ROBBED OF A WATCH-Tom Molij of No. 911 Bi-lidle street was held up at 9:39 o'clock last night and robbed of a watch, a nickel and a key. He claims that as he MISSOURI VOLUNTEER'S REUNION—
The tenth annual reunion and camp fire of
the Second Missouri Volunteer Infantry Association will be held to-morrow at No. 1962
Provenchere place. The meeting will be
opened at 8 o'clock in the morning and will
continue throughout the day. The first
business will be sounded for comrades who have
died since the last reunion. Speeches will
be made by several prominent members of
the G. A. R. The refreshments will consist of pork and beaus, black coffee and
crackers, the fare that the regiment subsisted on during the war. The original regimental flag and the old morning report will
be on exhibition. These two relics have
passed into the hands of the regiment since
the death last June of Colonel Arnold Beck
Of the entire regiment which was mustered
out of service thirty-six years ago, scarcely
thirty are now living. a nickel and a key. He claims that as he was passing the corner of Eighth and Biddle streets he was seized from behind by two men, while five others, all young, scarched him. Officer Delaney was detailed to look for the culprits, but could find no suspicious characters in the neighborhood.

INVENTORIES OF ESTATES-Inven-INVENTORIES OF ESTATES—Inven-tories of the estate of Thomas Ranken, Jr., R. E. Carr and Mary G. Prenatt were filed in Probate Court yesterday. The Ranken property is described as 10,000 acres of land in Missouri, of which 200 acres are in St. Louis County. A personal estate of \$125,-523.77 is set forth. The personal estate of Mrs. Prenatt is valued at \$122.293.33. The Carr estate consists of \$253,110.75 personal

MUSIC FESTIVAL REHEARSALS—The St Louis Musical Festival chorus rehearsal takes place this evening at the Y. M. C. A. Hall, Grand and Franklin avenues. W. H. Pommer will direct, Bruch's cantata, "Fair Ellen," being one of the new numbers to estudied. Arrangements have been made for 760 voices on the association hall stage. After next Friday rehearsals will be resumed Wednesdays and Fridays at the Odeon.

WARRANT FOR MOTORMAN-Motor-

man Hick W. Gilberto, who was in charge of the Southern Electric car which ran down and killed little Blanch Skeel in South Broadway, near Maeder street, two months ago, was bound over to the Grand Jury yesterday in the sum of \$890 on a charge of mansianghter. Blanch Skeel lived with her parents at No. 604 South Third street. She was in a buggy with her parents and some friends en route to the Manlon's Garden when the car ran into the wagon.

INJURED AT FAIR GROUNDS—James F. Anderson, general Western agent for the Georgia Railroad Company, living at No. 148 Page boulevard, met with an accident and sentenced to three months in jail.

Carleton Bldg.,

INJURED AT FAIR GROUNDS—James P. Anderson, general Western agent for the Georgia Railroad Company, living at No. 168 Page boulevard, met with an accident at the Fair Grounds Monday afternoon and was painfully injured. Anderson arose from his seat in the grand-stand to witness an exhibition in the arena. He lost his balance and fell over the seat in front of himbreaking his right leg between the hip and the knee. At his own request he was taken to St. Luke's Hospital, where his condition was pronounced serious. GIRLS TO BE TAUGHT WAR. Chicago Is to Have a Real Military Seminary.

CHICAGO &

REPUBLIC SPECIAL WRANGLE OVER A BODY—It has been almost positively established that the man who died at the door of the First District Police Station Sunday night was E. B. Higgins of Davenport, Ia. Chief of Police Campbell received a letter yesterday from the chief at Davenport, requesting him to have the body shipped there by an undertaker and all expenses would be paid. The body was turned over to Undertaker Tom Wand, but Public Administrator Richardson sent Undertaker Chris Schawacker to take charge, and after some argument Wand allowed his rival to proceed with the funeral. Chicago, Oct. 2.-Chicago's upper crust of vanced by Mrs. Adele Marie Rique of the Waldorf-Astoria, New York, and within a year it is probable that daughters of Chicago millionaires will be obeying the call "Torward, march," firing regulation light guns at the worl and wearing the garb of the "military girl."

Military training and mental aesthetics are the bask elements in the enterprise. For two years Mrs. Rique has been busy interesting Gotham society in the worth of her principles, and the indorsement thera has been so pronounced that a training school has already been planned and a site fixed for a military school for the "Twentieth Century woman."

The system of training is chiefly designed for young women, but it may be applied to the development of the fair sex of all ages. Walderf-Asteria, New York, and within a

SAYS HE WAS ECONOMICAL. Peck Declares That His Expense Account Is Not High. SPECIAL BY CABLE.
Paris, Oct. 2.—(Copyright, 1900, by the New York Herald Company.)—Mr. Ferilmand Peck, Commissioner General, was questioned yesterday relating to the expenses of the United States Commission to the Exposition. He said the published statement was misleading. There had been no extravagance. The salaries paid were low, when the shortness of the service, the ability required and the cost of living in Paris were considered. SPECIAL BY CABLE.



The great trouble in trying to sell what are called patent medicines is that so many claims have been made for them that people don't or won't believe

what honest makers say, We have been telling our story sixty years. Did we ever deceive you once? If we make any statement that isn't so, we will stand the loss. Go to the druggist and get your money

Here's an example. Ayer's Cherry Pectoral is a good cure for a cough that comes from a cold. Your cough, it you have one, may not come from a cold; your doctor will tell you about that.

It is a straight medicine with sixty years of cures back of it. There isn't a ghost of the ordinary patent thing about it.

J. C. AYER COMPANY, Lowell Mass. Practical Chemists.

Ayer's Hair Vigne Aver's Sarsaparilla Ayer's Ague Cure

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral Ayer's Comstone